GREEN AUDIT NILAMANI MAHAVIDYALAYA, RUPSA, BALASORE.

Introduction

This college Nilamani Mahavidyalaya, Rupsa, Balasore was established in the year 1976 under the society Registration Act. 1860, located under Sadar Block of Balasore District of Odisha. The campus is around 11.76 acr. The climatic condition of the areas are influenced by Bay of Bengal. The average wind speed in Balasore is 3.3 m/s with the maximum wind speed of around 10 m/s. The average ambient temperature remains 26.3°C, varies from 12.8°C to 37.7°C. The average relative humidity remains around 78.6%, varies from 31.7% to 98.7%. The soil types and climatic condition influenced following types vegetation. The college has been enriched with a fascinating lush of green ambience comprising gardens, medicinal plants, wood yielding plants and a pond.

MEMBER PRESENT

- 1. Dr. Ardhendu Kumar Dash (Assist. Professor in Botany)
- 2. Dr. Santanu Kumar Jena (Assist. Professor in Botany)

- 1. Ornamental Garden
- 2. Herbal Garden and Orchard garden
- 3. Botanical Garden VI (Grass Land)

1. Ornamental Garden : The ornamental Garden, rectangular shape is present at the main entrance of the college. Different seasonal flowering plants along with annual, perennial, herbs and shrubs are planted for the beautification of the college. The ornamental plants are like *Rosa indica*, *R. damascana*, *Ixora sp., Thuja, Araucaria and Duranta, Juniparus sp. Areca sp.Furcraea sp. Agavedes sp. Syzygium sp. Beaucarrea sp. Jasmin sp. Gardenia sp. Euphorbia*

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Rufsa, Balasore

'Pond Ecosystem' containing the biotic components like Nymphaea, Hydrilla (producer), the crustacean larvae and fishes (the consumers of different order) and bacteria (the decomposers).

2. Herbal and Ornamental Plants: The Herbal Garden in spread over comparatively a larger piece of land in the east side of the science block. The college campus contains different species of widely used medicinal plants, belong to families Fabaceae, Rubiaceae, , Euphorbiaceae, Asteraceae, Acanthaceae, Mimosaceae, Verbenaceae, Rutaceae, Casealpinaceae. The medicinal plants like *Rauvolfia tetrafolia, Azadirachat indica, Ocimum tenuiflorum, , Pongamia pinnata, Phlylanthus embelica, Bredelia retusa, Dalbergia latifolia, Aloe vera, Tridex procumbens, Nyctanthes arbor-tristis. Syzygium cumuni, Calotropis procera, Adhatoda vasica, Murraya paniculata, Clerodendrum indicum, Psidium guajava, Mangifera indica, Zyzyphus juguba, Mimusaps elengi, Curcuma indica, Cynodon ductylon, Cymbopagon martini, Abultinum indicum, Asparagus rocemosus, Elettaria cardamamum, Cissamepelos pareira, Cansora decussate, Piper longum, Desmodium sp. etc. are present and having a great contribution to the health of the staff and students of the college. The detail of plants number are presented below.*

To conclude, the splendid lush ambience of the college has the greenery of the college that created a congenial & eco-friendly environment for the teaching & learning

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Printcipal Ni.amani Mahavidyalaya Rujsa, Balasore

Series of the se

	Name of the plant	Scientific Name of the plant	Full Grown	
1.	Acacia	Acasia delbata	25	
2.	Bakul	Mimusops elengi	15	
3.	Jamun	Syzygium cumin	03	
4.	Sirisha	Albiza julibrissin	07	
5.	Betel	Piper sp.	07	
6.	Piper plant	Piper nigrum	02	
7.	Neem	Azadirachta indica	10	
8.	Simili	Bumbax cieba	07	
9.	Radhachuda	Caesalpinia pulcherrima	10	
10.	Arjuna	Terminalia arjuna	01	
11.	Orange(batapi)	Citrus sinensis	01	
12.	Coconut	Cocos nucifera	01	
13.	Banyan	Ficus bengalensis	04	
14.	Mango	Mangifera indica	15	
15.	Champa	Michelia champaca	02	
16.	Nageswar	Mesua ferrea	NEWTON	
17.	Debadaru	Monoon longifolia	01	
18.	Guava	Pyrus commuis	02	
19.	Chakunda	Senna tora	02	
20.	Euqualipatas	Euqualipatas globulus		
21.	Arica Plam	Arica Plam	10	
22.	Plam	Borassus fiabellifer	03	
23.	Kadamba	Neolamarckia cadamba	02	
24.	Alvora	Aloe barbadenisis	011	
25.	Rose	Rosa rubiginosa	20	
26.	Thuja	Thuja occidentalis	10	
27.	Tagara	Tabernaemo orientalis	20	
28.	Cycas	Cycas circinalis	30	
29.	Arcaria	Chrysalidocarpus lutescens	04	
30.	Amla	Emblica officinalis	05	
31.	Barakuli	Zizipnus jujuba	01	
32.	Khejura	Phoenix dactylifera	01	
33.		Dillenea indica	04	
34.	-	Musa paradisiacal	04 20	

Principal Ni.amani Mahavidyalaya Rupsa, Balasore

35.	Atta	Annona squamosa	01
36.	Mehegani	Swietenia macrophylla	
37.	Karbari	Nerium indicum	01
38.	Tulsi	Ocimum sanctum	03
39.	Satabari	Aspergus racemus	25
40.	Gujurati	Elettaria candamomum	10
41.	Golmaricha	Piper nigrum	20
42.	Haldi	Curcuma longa	02
43.	Guaa	Arcea catechu	20
44.	Chandan		50
45.	Kamini	Pterocarpus santalinus	02
46.	Dhutura	Muraya paniculata	20
47.	Menjuaati	Datura stramonium	10
48.	Arka plant	Lawsonia inermis	02
49.		Calotropis procera	10
50.	Gongasimli Sizu	Nyctanthes arbor-tristis	05
51.		Euphorbia sp.	02
52.	Bela	Aggle mawmoleus	04
	Lembu	Lemon citrus	02
53.	Jamrul	Syzygium samarangense	01

Principal Nilamani Mahavidyalaya Rufsa, Balasore

Quality Audits on Environment Clean & Green Campus Initiatives & Beyond the Campus Environmental Promotion Activities

Nilamani Mahavidyalaya, Rupsa, Balasore





Best Educational Institution Award-2021 for Plantation

Receiving Best Educational Institution Award-2021 for Plantation



Best Educational Institution Award-2021 in News

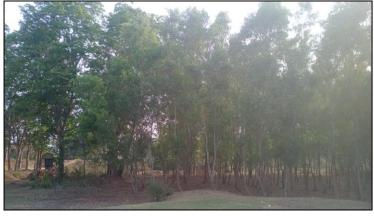
ଟଙ୍କାର ଅର୍ଥରାଖି ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିଥିଲେ । ପ୍ରଭଙ୍କ ସମେତ ପ୍ରାଧାପକ ବସଛ ଭୁମାର ଭୋଇ, ପୁରାତନ ଛାତ୍ର ସଂସଦର ଜୋଷାଧାଣ ଗୋପାଳ ତନ୍ତ୍ର ସାହୁ ସ୍ୱାରୁଖ କାର୍ଯାକ୍ରମରେ କପଲ୍ଲିନ ଥିଲେ ।



Green College Campus



College Botanical Garden



(Plantation beyond the Campus) Plantation at Govt. High School, Hirapur

ENERGY AUDIT REPORT

NILAMANI MAHAVIDYALAYA RUPSA, BALASORE



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ABOUT THE COLLEGE

Nilamani Mahavidyalaya,Rupsa,is situated on the side of NH-60, At-Rupsa,Sadar Block of Balasore.The college bears a solitary look Most benifitting for a centre of Higher Education.Though late,with the popular will and craze for Higher Education,the college was established in the year 1976.On one side of the town stands the temple of learning in sylvan surrounding,sprawling around more than 05 acres of land.

OBJECTIVES AND METHODOLOGY

With increasing population and demand for energy resources, negative impact on environment has been increasing too.the level of population has increased and the resources that the natural world has to offer to humans has decreased because of its overuse and misuse, and in a decade or two, the world will be facing severe energy crisis. It is not possible to abandon the existing energy sources as they have become fundamental ingredient in human life but, it is absolutely possible to use it in a controlled manner in away that its impact on the environment can be reduced and energy can be conserved, and adopt more

renewable sources of energy for everyday use. Majority of the primary energy is used as electricity and in transportation sector. It is very essential to cut down on the usage of on the environment and save it for the future generation.

Nilamani Mahavidyalaya, rupsa, is an educational institution that believes in maintaining a green campous status and has taken every possible measures to benefit the environment and safe guard it. It has formed an Energy Audit team of four members who examine the energy consumed by the college and suggests methods to reduce the amount of energy used by the institution.

The energy audit team surveys the college campous, including Hostels, its bulding structure, equipment used by the institute, Its maximum capacity of usage, energy consumed and how much the college saves. They study the pattern in which the collge consume energy. The team walk around the campous and examine the authenticity of the data they recived through survey. They examine if the college has implemented any energy efficient equipmented any energy efficient equipment and it has opted for any alternative source of energy as a method of energy conservation. The audit team, then , give their necessary suggestions and recommendations to the college on how can reduce energy consumption and conserve more.

ENERGY AUDIT REPORT - 2021- 2022

Nilamani Mahavidyalaya,Rupsa,Balasore has provision for the usage of 470 electrical and electronics appliances as required. Total power supply due to these electrical appliances of the college is around 27.26kW.The college has following appliances where electrical energy is used:

- LED-56(9W)
- LED TUBE-61(20W)
- FAN-181(70W)
- TUBE LIGHT-20(40W)
- BULB-100(1W)
- WATER PUMP-01(1/2 HP)
- A.C-4(150W)
- WATER PURIFIER-6(40W)
- STAND FAN-1(125W)
- FRIDGE-3(125W)
- PRINTER-12(100W)
- PRINTER-1(300W)
- COMPUTER-23(120W)

Therefore, the total number of appliances that may be used by the institute is 470. The college uses around 200 appliances on working days and around 50 appliances on non working days. Appliances, like sound box, LCD TV, Air Conditioners, are used occasionally.

DATA ANALYSIS:

We study the details of the 12 months electricity bills.

Sl no	Month	No. of units in Kwh
L	Jan,Feb-22	324
2	March-22	367
3	April-22	J 270
1	May-22	475
5	June-22	238
6	July-22	346
7	Aug,Sept-22	1644
8	October-22	1542
9	November-22	1253
10	December-22	1502
11	January-23	419

Average energy usage is around 645kWh/month (average of 13 months). The college has recently established solar panels so as to lessen the consumption of energy (power

consumption is 120 units in Jan and Feb 23). The connection of solar panels and the use of more number of LEDs has lessen the energy consumption during the last month.

Existing features for energy savings:-

- 1. Staff Vigilance
- 2. Incandescent bulbs are nowhere used.
- 3. Maximun use of natural light.

4. Cross ventilation is provided in laboratory and class rooms which reduce the use of number of fans.

5. Walls are painted with off white colour to have sufficient brightness.

6. Computers and printers are shared in LAN.

SUGGESTION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- Reduce the usage of conventional light sources.
- > Make provision for more alternative sources of energy.
- > Purchase appliances with five stars.
- > Replace old appliances.
- > Use computers in power saving mode.
- Lessen the use of vehicles, running on traditional petroleum fuels, by staff and students coming from nearby places tocollege.
- > To make usage of more solar panels functional soon.

The energy audit team aims at reducing energy wastage within the college campous because natural resources are limited and it is required to be saved for the future generation. The audit team guides the institution on ways to save more energy by reducing energy consumption. The college has conducted awareness programs on the deteriorating State of the natural resources and environment and encourages its Staff and students to use either walk to the campous or use bicycles or battery operated vehicles.

THE ENERGY AUDIT TEAM

Mr.Jayakrushna Sahu Lecturer in Physics
Mr.Ramesh Kumar Behera Lecturer in physics
Mr.Sraban Naik Lecturer in Math
Miss Karisma Sahoo Lecturer in Chemistry

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